## **Pregnant, Postpartum and Pumping Workers: KNOW YOUR RIGHTS IN THE WORKPLACE**

**Two new laws**, the Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (PWFA) and the Providing Urgent Maternal Protections for Nursing Mothers Act (PUMP Act), provide expanded protections to workers who are pregnant, postpartum or pumping.

## **Federal Protections for Pregnant Workers**

- The **Family and Medical Leave Act** (FMLA) provides eligible employees job-protected leave for prenatal care or when a pregnant worker is unable to work because of the pregnancy. The FMLA also provides a right to take leave for required counseling, court appointments and related travel prior to foster care placement or adoption.
- The **PWFA** requires covered employers to provide "reasonable accommodations" to a worker's known limitations related to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, unless the accommodation will cause the employer an "undue hardship."
- **Title VII of the Civil Rights Act** (Title VII) prohibits discrimination and harassment based on pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions in any aspect of employment including hiring, firing, pay, promotions, training and more.

## Federal Protections for Postpartum and Pumping Workers

- The **FMLA** provides eligible employees of covered employers a right to unpaid, jobprotected leave for their baby's birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care. This right is afforded for the birth or placement, and to bond with the child within the first year after birth or placement.
- The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) as amended by the PUMP Act, requires most employers to provide covered **nursing workers reasonable break time** and a private space, other than a bathroom, to pump breast milk for one year after the baby's birth.
- The protections of the **PWFA** and **Title VII** also apply to postpartum and pumping workers.
- It's important that workers and employers also understand that **Title VII**, the **PWFA**, **FLSA**, and **FMLA** protect workers from discrimination or retaliation when they question employer practices or assert their rights.

## **More Information**







or visit dol.gov/agencies/whd/maternal-health eeoc.gov/pregnancy-discrimination